

Use of Remox SR+ Cylinders in Treatment for Chlorinated Solvents in Groundwater



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SMART Remediation Ottawa, ON | February 15, 2018



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Slow Release Oxidants: Use of Remox SR+ Cylinders in Treatment for Chlorinated Solvents in Groundwater

SMART Remediation - February 15, 2018

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Outline

- Chlorinated Solvents ... Remediation
- Decision Criteria
- Technology Development
- Field Installation
- Case Studies/Examples
- Summary



Chlorinated Solvents ... Remediation

- We all know:
- Difficult
- Persistent
- Geology and Hydrogeology issues
- Breakdown is more toxic than original
- Costly ...



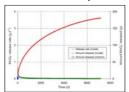
Decision Criteria

- Ease of Application Difficult location/situation
- Known Technology want to be sure it works
- Low Operation & Maintenance
- Overall Cost
- Remtech 2012 ... RemOx SR Presentation

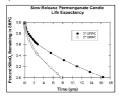


Technology Development – Sustained-Release (SR+) Oxidants

 Promising slow-release permanganate and persulfate modeling, lab, pilot-scale field studies (e.g., Ohio State University, Clemson, University of Nebraska, Colorado School of Mines)







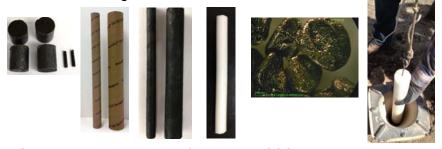
- Variety of reactive materials are possible
 - Oxidants, bio-amendments, oxygen release compounds, activators, chelating agents



Oxidant Release from Wax This is why we see an initial spike of permanganate in early time... And a significantly slower and lower release of permanganate at later times Newly created void spaces expose permanganate solids for dissolution and diffusion Process occurs radially from the exterior of the cylinder to the inner core

Technology Development: SR+ Oxidants

 Sustained-release permanganate is a KMnO₄-based product dispersed in a solid paraffin wax matrix (~80% w/w) RemOx[®] SR ISCO Reagent



 Sustained-release persulfate is a NaS2O₈-based product dispersed in a solid paraffin wax matrix (~80% w/w)



SR+ Technology - Versatility in Form

- Solid product formed as <u>cylinder</u>, <u>chipped</u> for trench/barrier applications or <u>small pellets/pastilles</u> for hydro-fracturing into low permeability media:
 - 1.35 or 2.5 inch diameter
 - 18 inches long
 - DPT emplacement, well installation, hydro-fracturing







SR+ Technology: Versatility in Application

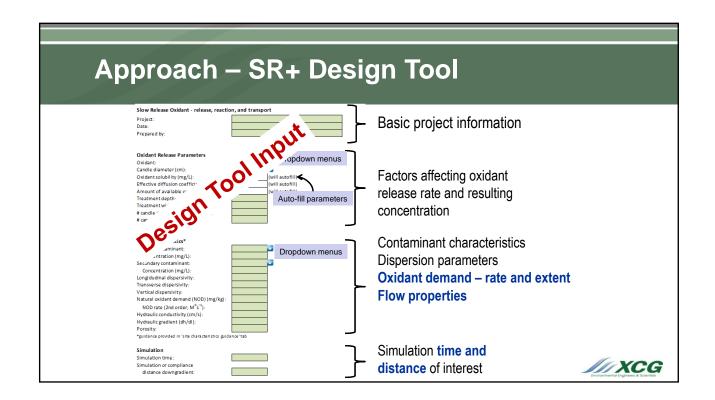
- Current Emplacement Methods:
 - Direct push technology
 - Holders in existing wells
 - · Hydro-fracturing being investigated

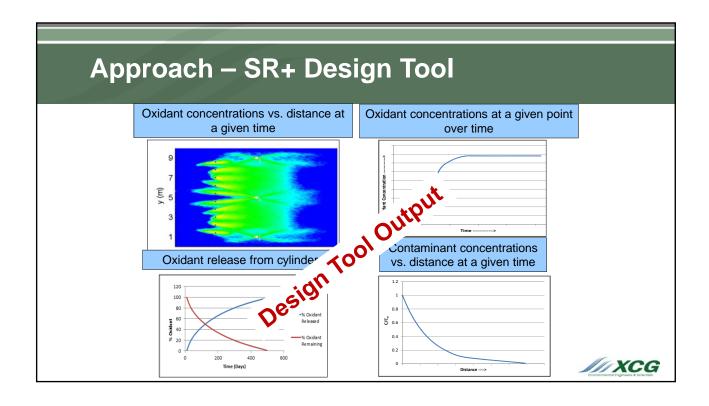












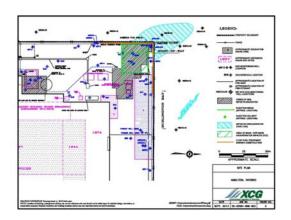
Case Study #1 – Historical Manufacturer

- Historical Industrial Site in Hamilton, Ontario
- Developed circa 1925
- Close to the Harbour
- Geology is fill over silty-clay down to clay material
- Historical use of chlorinated solvents
 - PCE, TCE → c-DCE and VC in groundwater
- Difficult Remediation Complicated Ownership



Case Study #1 – Historical Manufacturer

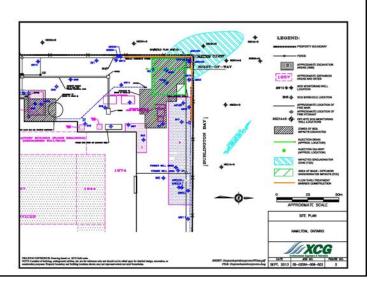
- Off-site Groundwater Impacts ...
 - Higher concentrations
 - Near saturation levels
- Remediation Stages ... excavation of soil impacts
- Back-Diffusion of impacted groundwater following excavation and hydraulic re-equilibration

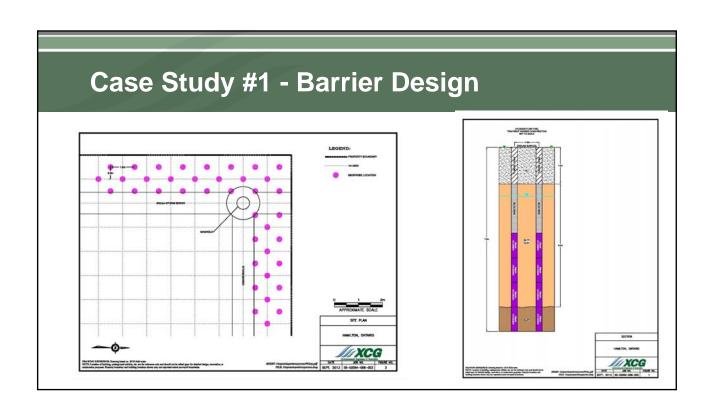


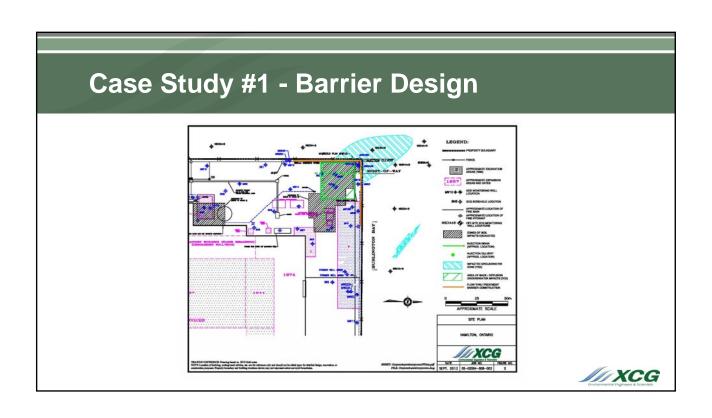


Case Study #1 – Historical Manufacturer

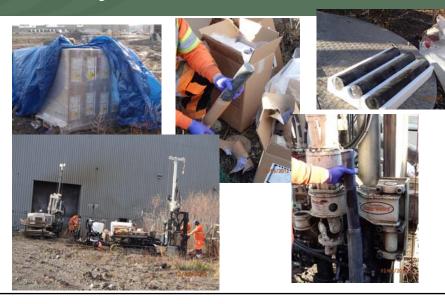
- First Site Application in Canada - December 2012
- Installed 476 cylinders in 119 direct-push boreholes over 8 days
- Straight-forward installation health and safety







Case Study #1 - Field Installation





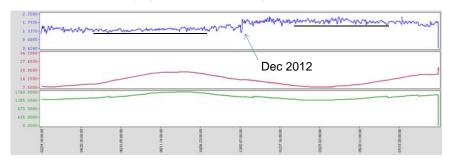
Case Study #1 - Monitoring Effectiveness

- Installed ... now what?
- Client needs assurance that effective
- Monitoring indicators in groundwater electrical conductivity, ORP, oxidant
- Eventual cVOCs concentration decrease



Monitoring Effectiveness

 Location MW20B – observed an almost immediate increase in electrical conductivity (distance ~ 5m)





Monitoring Effectiveness

- Down-gradient (off-site) monitoring locations have shown increases in electrical conductivity and increasing trend with time:
 - Location NSC5A (avg. of 0.32 up to 4.44 mS/cm)
 - Location NSC5B (avg. of 0.87 up to 2.21 mS/cm)
 - Location NSC3A (avg. of 1.94 up to 3.11 mS/cm)
 - Location ROW1B (avg. of 3.34 up to 4.53 mS/cm)
- Hydraulic conductivity is low ... 1.27x10⁻⁵ m/s



Monitoring Effectiveness

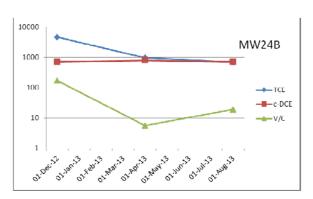
- Impacts of TCE ... c-DCE and vinyl chloride:
 - MW24B
 - MW24C
- Slight increases in electrical conductivity observed



Monitoring Effectiveness

MW24B installed at 5.5 metres below ground surface, located approximately 1.5 metres from barrier

MW24B	06-Dec-12	15-Apr-13	12-Aug-13
c-DCE	710	790	720
PCE	0	0	0
TCE	4600	950	700
V/C	170	5.6	19

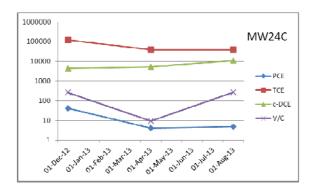




Monitoring Effectiveness

MW24C installed at 10 metres below ground surface, located approximately 1.5 metres from barrier

M	W24C	06-Dec-12	15-Apr-13	12-Aug-13
c-	DCE	4400	5100	11000
F	CE	41	4	4.9
1	CE	120000	39000	38000
,	V/C	260	9.2	270



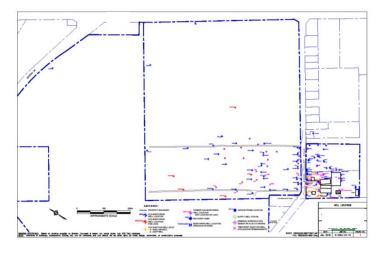


Case Study #2 – Liquid Industrial Waste Facility

- Long History of Site -
 - Former Lagoons Leak ('78); Warehouse Fire ('03)
- Large Plume of mixed chlorinated VOCs extends off-site
- Deep sand to silt aquifer ... (contaminants at depths of 12 to 15 m)
- Working through a strategic remediation process



Case Study #2 – Liquid Industrial Waste Facility



- Working to reduce contaminants concentrations
- Combined Remedies
- Use of Remox SR+ and Liquid Sodium Permanganate

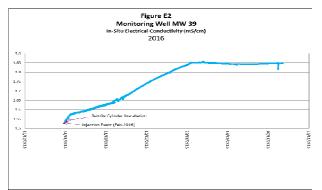


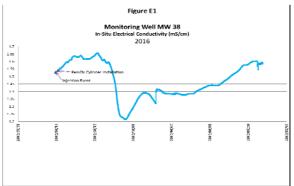
Case Study #2 – Liquid Industrial Waste Facility

- Plume core use liquid permanganate injected direct by gravity
- Plume fringes use Remox SR+
 - (stacked 3 cylinders per borehole at 12 locations)
- January/February 2016 installation



Case Study #2 – Liquid Industrial Waste Facility





• One indicator of EC shows increase, dispersing of oxidant



Case Study #2 – Liquid Industrial Waste Facility

Also **ORP** changes ...

- prior to installation observed ranges 9 to 48 mV
- Following installation increased to ranges of 111 to 158 mV
- Concentration decreases of all cVOCs
 - PCE from 17 μ g/L to 2 μ g/L
 - TCE from 15 μ g/L to 2.4 μ g/L
 - No VC !!!

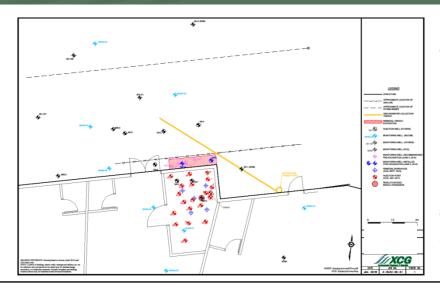


Case Study #3 - Dry-cleaner

- Typical scenario dry-cleaner in a neighbourhood strip mall
- Some below building, some outside bldg. footprint
- Client and tenant relations are always paramount
- Desire to meet Generic Standards (versus use of Risk Assessment)
- XCG working through the remediation since 2013
- Combined Remedies hydraulic control, strategic excavation, injections



Case Study #3 - Dry-cleaner



One persistent well with TCE marginally above Table 3 Standard of 17 µg/L

Limited opportunity for injections ... tenant disruption



Case Study #3 – Dry-cleaner

• Placement of Remox SR+ cylinders in Boreholes







5 boreholes with 2 cylinders each; depth of 2.5 m



Case Study #3 – Dry-cleaner

- Monitor the Results ... wells within 2 to 3 metres of cylinders
- ORP ... natural historic ranged from 79 to 97 mV
- Within 3 months following installation ranged from 154 to 202 mV
- EC ... natural historic ranged from 0.36 to 0.90 mS/cm
- Within 3 months following installation ranged from 4.22 to 7.97 mS/cm



Case Study #3 - Dry-cleaner

- TCE before Installation ... 37 µg/L
- Within 6 months ... 19 μg/L

MOECC Table 3 Standard for TCE is 17 μg/L

- Working on site Closure ...
 - 4 Quarterly events
 - Record of Site Condition



Summary

- New twist on a known technology KMnO₄ & NaS₂O₈
- Application ease for difficult locations/situations
- See instant results (↑ ORP and electrical conductivity)
 - Clients are pleased with Cost/Benefit
 - Sustained Release
- Technology fits well as an option for overall remediation plans and combined remedies

Closing

- Questions?
- Thank you for Attending!
- Consider yourself SMARTer!

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